EARLY LITERACY SKILLS

Sara Edwards, M.Ed., TVI, DTV Julia Bowman, M.Ed., TVI, DTV Illinois School for the Visually Impaired

Overview

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What is Early Literacy?

2

Areas of development affected

3

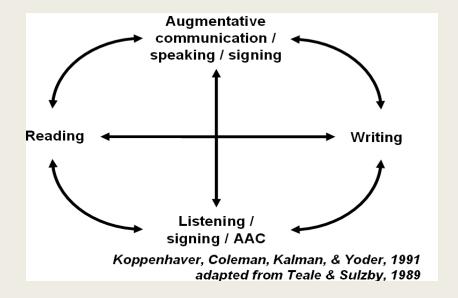
Strategies to promote early literacy skills

What is Early Literacy?

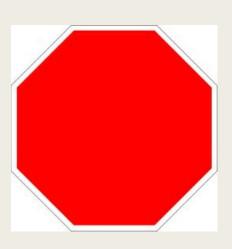
- Oral language and concept development are the foundation of literacy
- Begins at birth
- Has to be established before formal instruction in braille or print can begin

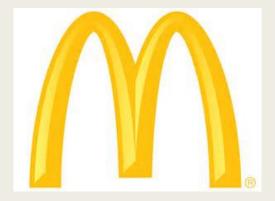
Literacy and Communication

- Infants and toddlers learn to:
 - listen
 - speak (or use AAC)
 - read
 - write
- At the same time
- In an interconnected way



Understanding Symbols







Key Components of Early Literacy

- Auditory discrimination/phonemic awareness
- Comprehension of language
 - Based on own experiences
- Introduction to the alphabet
- Pragmatics (print/braille)
- Pre-writing opportunities

https://www.pathstoliteracy.org/helping-young-children-develop-emergent-literacy-skills

Introduce, Expose, and Surround!



- Language-rich environment
- Access to books/braille
- Family conversations

Areas of Development

Not Just Books!

- Cognitive Concepts, pragmatics (print/text awareness)
- Language/Communication (Receptive and Expressive) letter sounds, rhymes
- Motor Skills posture/core strength, upper body strength, holding a book, opening/closing a book, turning pages, scribbling
- Self-Help choosing a book, initiating stories, independently finding materials
- Social bonding, book sharing, connecting experiences to real life
- Vision/Compensatory pictures, print, tactile images, braille

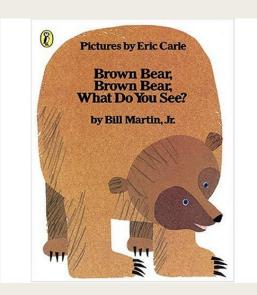
Cognitive and Language/Communication Strategies

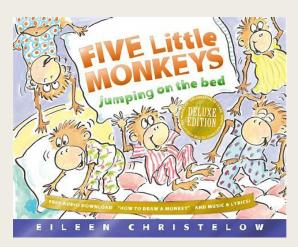
- Encourage your child's active engagement
 - Help turn to the next page ("turn the page")
 - Use interactive language ("Do you remember...?")
 - Find the "top" or "bottom" of the page
 - Learning what a book is and its parts



Predictable books

- Rhyme, rhythm, and repetition
 - Children fill in the repeated or rhyming word
 - Can sing and act out the story
- Examples:
 - Brown Bear
 - Five Little Monkeys
 - Goodnight, Moon
 - Pete the Cat: I Love My White Shoes





Story Boxes/Bags and Story Boards

- Use actual objects to illustrate the story
- Let your child explore that object
- Have your child find that object



Story Buckets

- Bucket full of items to "illustrate" the story
- Can also make buckets based on concept
 - Summer bucket
 - Dinosaur bucket
 - Birthday party bucket
 - Letter "B" bucket



Story Bars and Concept Bars

- Hang items associated with the story from the toy bar
- Can make toy bars based on concept
 - Seasonal
 - Color
 - Shapes
 - Textures
 - Holidays





Alpha Boxes

- Provides exposure and exploration
- Pair initial sounds with letters of the alphabet

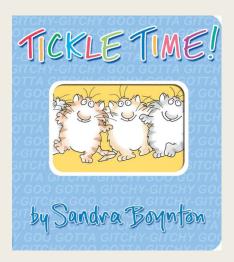
Motor Skills Strategies

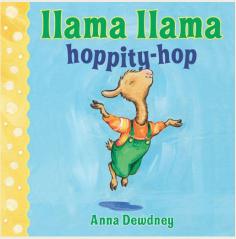
- Help Turn the Page
 - Board books
 - Adapt pages so they are easier to turn
 - Stagger popsicle sticks
 - Add colorful round stickers to make "tabs"
 - Add raised textures to keep pages separate



Motor Skills Strategies

- Sitting and holding a book
- Set up an art table
- Encourage your children to be active
- Scavenger Hunts
- Acting out actions in story
 - Llama Llama Hoppity Hop
 - Going On A Bear Hunt
 - Tickle Time





Motor Skills Strategies

- Strengthen hands and fingers
 - Bilateral hand use
 - Isolating finger use
 - Scribbling
 - Pushing buttons
 - Ripping paper
 - Walking the ball
 - Playing with playdough







Vision/Compensatory Strategies

- Enhance what you already have!
 - Braille labels for items around home
 - Add MEANINGFUL textures to books
 - Adding a texture to pictures so your child can "find" the object
 - "Find The Textures/Braille"
 - Helps with learning to identify/discriminate textures
 - Helps with learning directions (top, bottom, left, right)
 - Helps with tactual search



Vision/Compensatory Strategies

- Find The Object Visually
 - Have your child find requested picture; may have to add colored paper or fabric
 - Same object on each page
 - Helps with learning directions (top, bottom, left, right)
 - Helps with visual scanning
 - Helps with object identification
 - Helps with point/follow a point



Vision/Compensatory Strategies

- Make Tactile Experience Books
 - Based on your child's experience
 - Incorporate real objects from event to recall activity
 - Straw from a milkshake
 - Coin used to pay to get on merry go round
 - Bark or blades of grass from playground



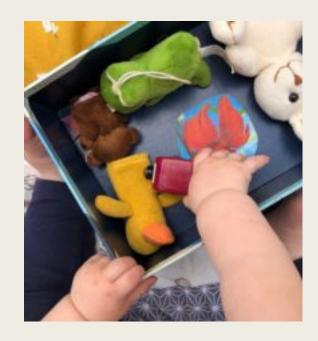
Self Help and Social Strategies

- Verbally label and describe what your child is feeling, smelling, and hearing
- Make it part of your daily routine
- Make the stories MEANINGFUL to your child
 - Meaningful experiences
 - Meaningful adaptations



Self Help and Social Strategies

- Song Boxes
 - Row Row Your Boat (boat)
 - Itsy Bitsy Spider (toy spider)
 - Twinkle Twinkle Little Star (star)
 - Wheels On The Bus (bus)
- Make it part of your daily routine
 - May help with transitions



Self Help and Social Strategies

- Moonlite Storybook Projector
- Moonlite A Storybook
 Projector For Your Cell Phone
 (mymoonlite.com)
- Can purchase kits and individual stories
- Excellent opportunity for family time





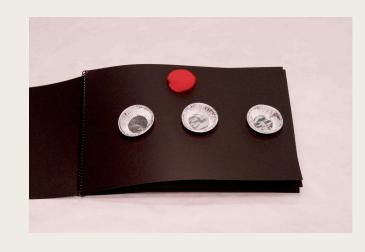


CVI Early Literacy Strategies

- Must consider visual skills/CVI phase
- Must consider understanding of symbols
- What is the goal?
 - Learning concepts
 - Creating vision opportunities
 - Building understanding of 2D images

Phase 1

- Child has not yet achieved appropriate fixations
- Compensatory skills are very important for learning concepts/vocabulary
- Use objects/textures as mentioned in previous slides
- Encourage looking with light, color, and/or reflective material
- Maximize vision supports (distance, clutter, lighting, field) for vision opportunities





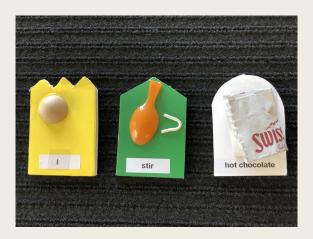
https://www.pathstoliteracy.org/blog/overview-literacy-children-cvi

Early Phase 2

- Child is just beginning to achieve appropriate fixations
- Visual field still important (slant board)
- Look and touch may not be simultaneous
- Routines-based experience stories



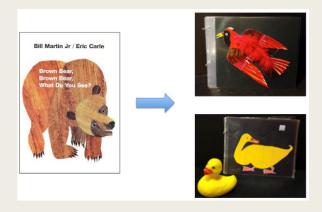




https://www.pathstoliteracy.org/strategies/hot-chocolate-tactile-connections-experience-story

Late Phase 2

- Real photos
- Pair objects with photos/pictures
- Think about presentation positioning, visual field, array







https://www.pathstoliteracy.org/blog/transitioning-object-schedule-system-photos-child-cvi

Phase 3

- Focus on vision but keep supports (hearing, touch, smell)
- Backlighting still important for some students (lightbox or tablet)



https://www.pathstoliteracy.org/resources/cvi-friendly-videos

Digital Books

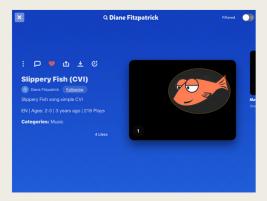
- Paths to Technology resource library of ready made digital books
- Using photos of child's own/favorite objects is more meaningful and motivating
- Use photo album, PowerPoint/Keynote, or ibooks
- Simplify images

https://www.perkinselearning.org/technology/teacher-created-resource-library/book-library

Tiny Tap App

- Free version for families
- Teacher version is free for now
- Create books or borrow from library
- Many excellent settings black background, search images with no background, highlight area to tap, etc
- Can use own photos or internet images





https://www.perkinselearning.org/technology/blog/tinytap-app-cvi-friendly-books-and-games

Resources

- Seedlings Braille Books (3 Free Books Per Year)
 http://www.seedlings.org/
- Paths To Literacy (Strategies & Resources) http://www.pathstoliteracy.org/
- Dolly Parton's Imagination Library (Braille Tales Print/Braille Book Program - 6 Free Books Per Year until 6 years)
 http://www.aph.org/dolly-partons-imagination-library/
- National Braille Press (Hands On! Books for Blind Children)
 http://www.nbp.org/

Questions?

- Illinois School for the Visually Impaired (ISVI)
- Birth to 3 Program
- <u>IDHS: Birth to Three Program</u> (state.il.us)
- Calendar of Events
- https://www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?
 item=129313

- Contact Information
- Sara Edwards
 - 217-722-9365
 - Sara.Edwards@Illinois.gov
- Julia Bowman
 - *217-408-6575*
 - Julia.bowman@Illinois.gov